

#6 - Heat Removal

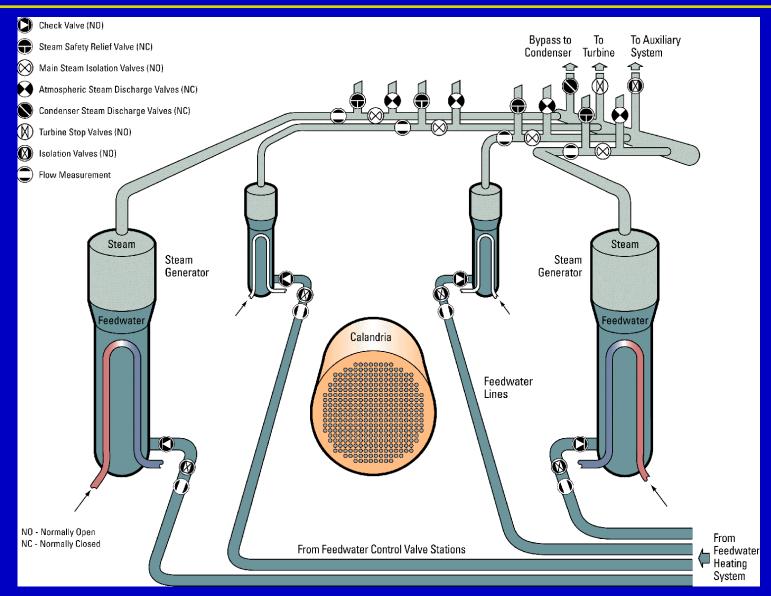
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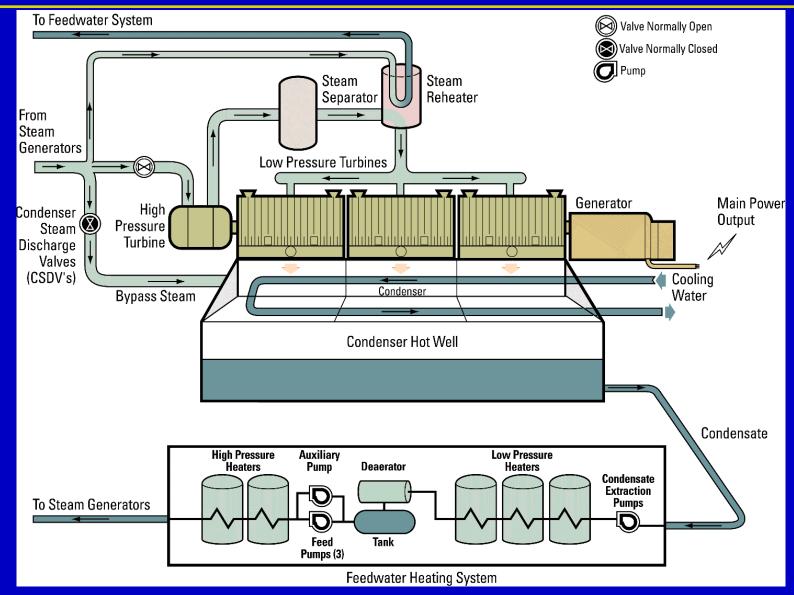
Overview

- **the steam and feedwater system is similar in most respects to that of other reactor types**
- **λ** 4 steam generators
 - 2 in each heat transport system loop, in series
- **λ** 3 main and 1 auxiliary feedwater pumps
- verpressure protection provided by 16 Main Steam Safety Valves (MSSVs), 4 on each steam line
- Atmospheric Steam Dump Valves (ASDVs) can dump 10% steam to atmosphere (if condenser is unavailable)
- Condenser Steam Discharge Valves can dump 100% transient and 60% steady steam to the condenser









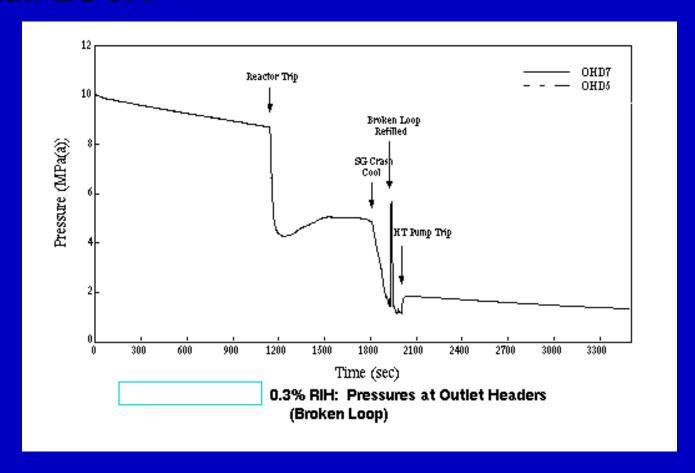


Steam Removal

- Main Steam Safety Valves sized to remove 115% of full steam flow (12 / 16 valves)
- λ dual actuation:
 - spring loaded for overpressure protection
 - pneumatic actuators for controlled opening
- used for forced rapid depressurization of steam generators ("crash cooldown") for:
 - LOCA
 - loss of heat sink



Small LOCA





Forced Depressurization

- prevents heat transport system pressure in a small LOCA from "hanging up" at the boiler pressure and blocking ECC
- allows rapid depressurization of the heat transport system following a loss of heat sink, so low-pressure heat removal systems can be used
- λ does not add reactivity (cooldown reduces reactivity)
- does not require opening valves on the primary side (converting a small LOCA or a loss of heat sink into a larger LOCA)
- x signals are fully duplicated & diverse (two subsystems) for increased reliability



Steam Main Isolation

- λ tradeoff:
 - provide reliable heat removal pathway, or
 - stop escape of radioactivity through leaking boiler tube
- **CANDU** has a low radioactive inventory in heat transport system and a good record on boiler tube integrity, so prefer assured heat removal
- in long term, if there is a leaking boiler tube, can manually isolate the affected boiler through Main Steam Isolation Valve (MSIV)



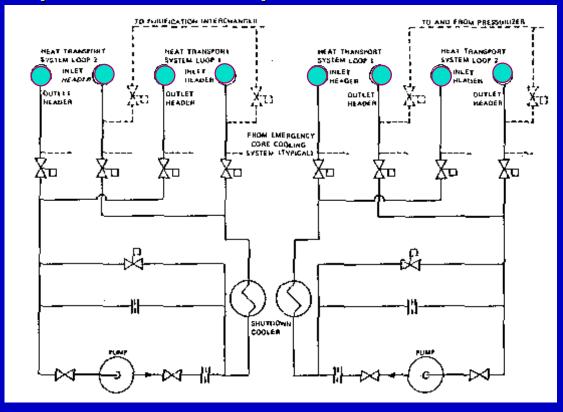
High Pressure Heat Sinks

- $_{\lambda}$ 3 × 50% main feedwater pumps, Class IV power
- λ 1 × 4% auxiliary feedwater pump, Class III power (diesels)
- **λ** shutdown cooling system:
 - can remove decay heat and cooldown the heat transport system without requiring depressurization
 - normal operation:
 - **λ** cooldown via steam generators to 177°C
 - **λ cooldown via shutdown cooling system from 177°C to** 54°C and hold it there
 - maintenance: remove decay heat when heat transport system is open for maintenance



Shutdown Cooling System - Emergency

- λ can cool down heat transport system from 260°C
 - no depressurization required

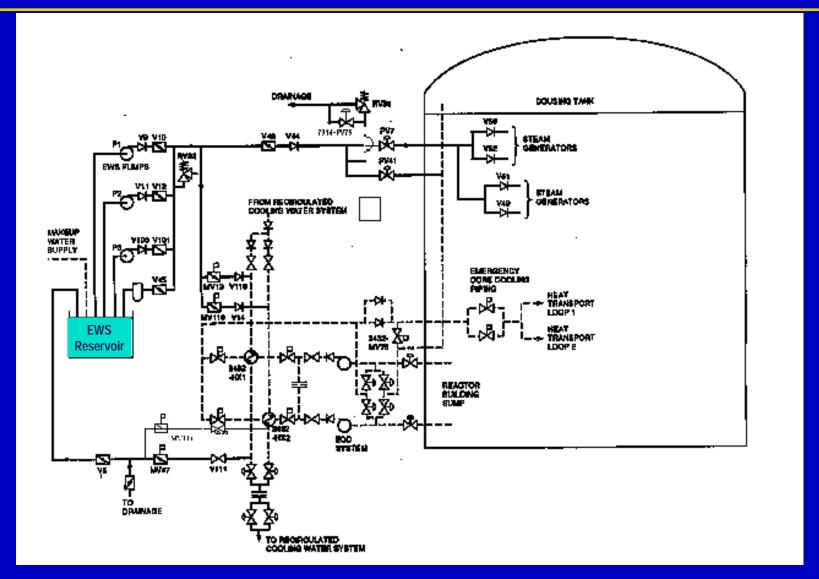




Low Pressure Heat Sinks Emergency Water System

- λ seismically qualified
- **λ** supplies water to:
 - steam generators
 - heat transport system
- **λ powered by separate seismically-qualified diesel generators**
- λ draws from dousing tank or external pond





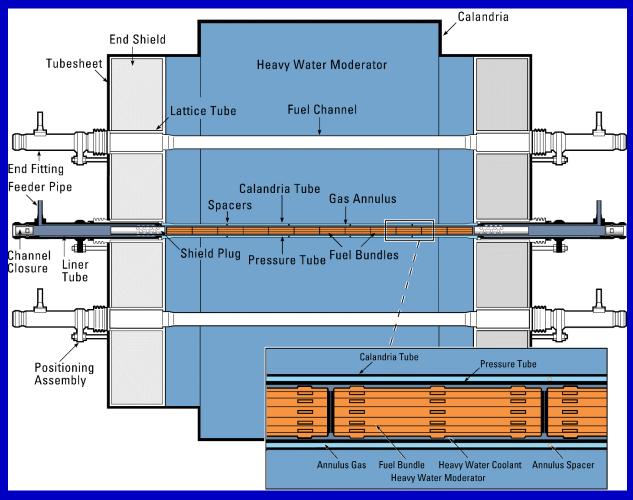


Low Pressure Heat Sinks - Moderator

- **πoderator normally removes 5% thermal power**
- **λ** separate pumps and heat exchangers
- λ short pathway from fuel to moderator liquid
- can remove decay heat from fuel without melting the UO₂ following an accident which leaves NO water in the channel (LOCA + LOECC)
- α can remove heat from fuel without failing fuel sheaths after a month or so, with NO water in the channel
- λ can be used after a very long shutdown



Moderator





Feeder Pipes

- 2 long feeder pipes connected to each channel give a huge surface area
- with water in the channels, decay heat can be rejected to air in the reactor vault after a long shutdown (without primary side heat removal or circulation)
- used at Point Lepreau during the long shutdown after wood was left in the boiler



24/05/01



Summary

- conventional secondary side heat removal (main and auxiliary feedwater pumps)
- atmospheric discharge of steam for LOCA or loss of heat sink to depressurize steam generators
- x shutdown cooling system which can be used at high pressure
- **Notice** low pressure emergency water system to remove heat from steam generators in earthquakes and other accidents
- **noderator** as backup to ECC for severe accidents
- **νery long-term heat removal to moderator and/or feeder pipes**